



METHODOLOGICAL NOTE

This infographic shows how close each donor country is coming to providing their fair share of funding needed to achieve universal access to sexual and reproductive health (SRH). A donor's fair share of funding is their relative ability to pay for international family planning based on their economic weight among other donors.

In order to determine how much funding each donor should provide for SRH (family planning and reproductive/maternal health), we first calculated the donor portion of funding needed for SRH. This is the annual average of funding needed for SRH according to UNFPA, divided by the one-third donor share defined in the International Conference on Population and Development Program of Action.

We then calculated each donor's fair share of funding. We use a fictional Donor1 as a model below to show the calculation:

STEP A

$$\text{Donor1 Fair Share Weight} = \text{Donor1 GDP} \div \text{Sum of Donor Country GDP}$$

Step A: We calculate each donor's fair share weight, or percent contribution to the total donor Gross National Product (GDP). We only include countries that are members of the Donor Assistance Committee of the Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development, since the OECD-DAC and UNFPA only collect aid data from these countries. To balance out fluctuations in GDP, we use a three year average across 2008-2010.

STEP B

$$\text{Donor1 Fair Share of Funding for SRH} = \text{Donor Share of Funding for SRH} \times \text{Donor1 Fair Share Weight}$$

Step B: Next we calculate each donor's fair share of funding for SRH. This is measured as the total donor share of donor funding needed for SRH (mentioned above), multiplied by each donor's fair share weight.

Once we know each donor's fair share of funding for SRH, we compare this number with their actual average funding for SRH across 2008-2010 according to the UNFPA/NIDI Resource Flows Project. We used three year averages (2008-2010) of funding for SRH to correct for extreme fluctuations and capture major trends. In order to rank countries' contribution towards their fair share, we divide each donor's actual funding by their fair share amounts.

Please note that this work is intended to complement, not supplement real-time financial tracking and advocacy with each donor. Since data from 2010 is already relatively outdated, we found it more compelling to capture illustrative trends than focus on a three year old snapshot.

Data Sources:

GDP data for OECD countries from: World Bank. [WDI Indicators](#). Exported July 1, 2013. World Bank: Washington DC.

Data on funding needed for SRH from: UNFPA Technical Division. 2009. Revised Cost Estimates for the Implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development: A Methodological Report. UNFPA: New York.

Data on funding for family planning and reproductive health by donor from: UNFPA/NIDI Resource Flows Project. Resource Flows Database. Exported September 26, 2012.